

# PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

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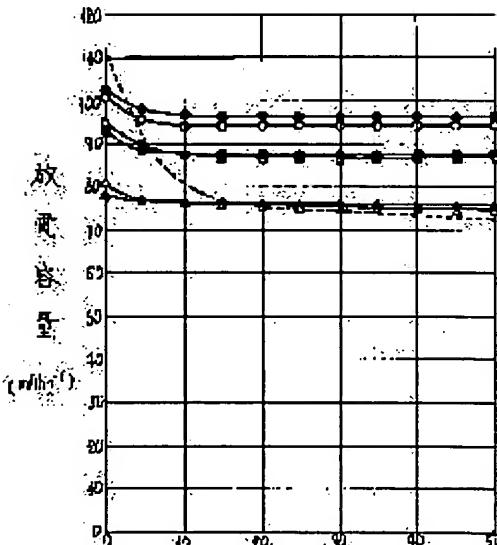
KOBAYASHI SHIGEO

## (54) NON-AQUEOUS ELECTROLYTE SECONDARY BATTERY

### (57) Abstract:

PURPOSE: To provide a secondary battery formed by using non-aqueous electrolyte and having an excellent cycle characteristic by using composite oxide made by partially replacing Li in material represented by chemical formula  $\text{LiNiO}_2$  with at least one of Na and K, for a positive electrode active material..

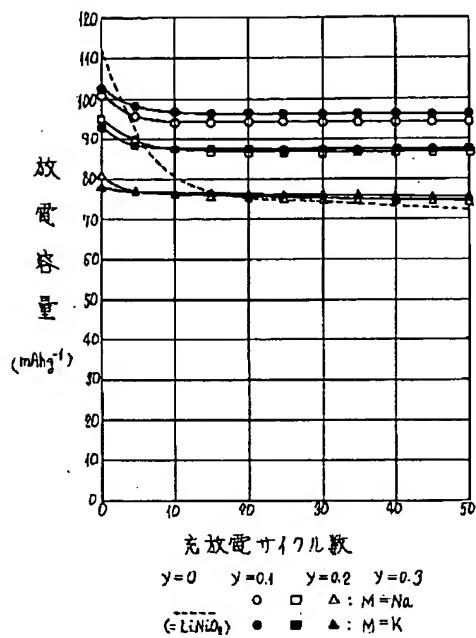
CONSTITUTION: In a chemical formula  $\text{Li}_x\text{M}_y\text{O}_2$  (wherein M is at least one of Na and K) a positive electrode including active material wherein values of x and y in the formula meet conditions of  $0 < x+y \leq 1.0$  and  $0 < y \leq 0.3$ , a negative electrode using either of lithium, lithium alloy or carbon material into and from which lithium can be inserted and extracted respectively as an active material and non-aqueous material are used to construct a battery. By using such a positive electrode, a non-aqueous electrolyte secondary battery having good cycle time characteristic can be provided.



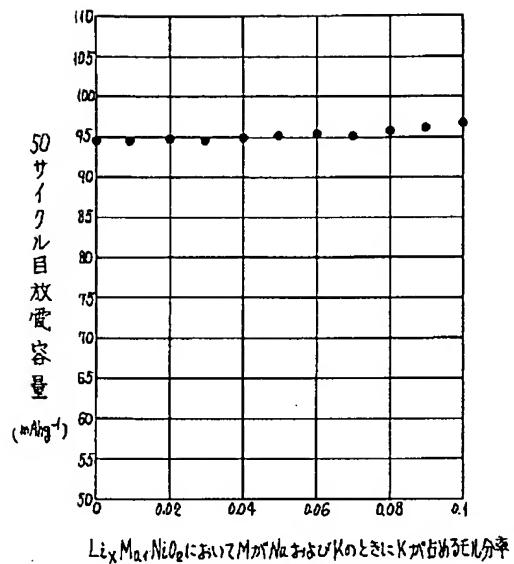
### LEGAL STATUS

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【図3】



【図4】



フロントページの続き

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ば正極活物質として化学式  $Li_xM_yNiO_2$  (但し、MはNa, Kの少なくとも1種)において、式中のxおよびyの値が  $0 < x + y \leq 1.0$ 、かつ  $0 < y \leq 0.3$  の条件を満たすものを用いることにより、サイクル特性に優れた非水電解液二次電池を得ることができる。

## 【図面の簡単な説明】

【図1】本発明の実施例における円筒形電池の縦断面図

【図2】 $Li_xM_yNiO_2$  (但し、MはNa, Kの少なくとも1種)で、yの値の違いによる初期放電容量の違いを示す図【図3】 $Li_xM_yNiO_2$  (但し、MはNa, Kの少なくとも1種)で、yの値の違いによる充放電サイクル特性を示す図

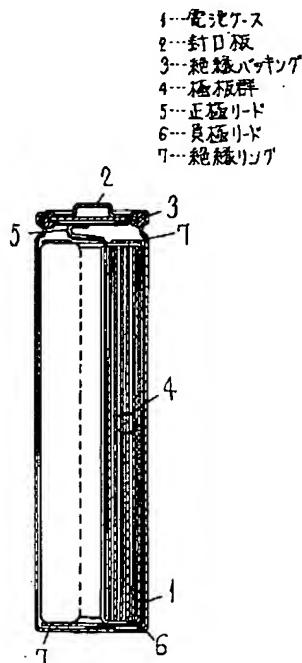
## 性の違いを示す図

【図4】 $Li_xM_{0.1}NiO_2$  (但し、MはNa, Kの少なくとも1種)で、Mに占めるKとNaの比率の違いによる充放電50サイクル目の放電容量の違いを示す図

## 【符号の説明】

- 1 電池ケース
- 2 封口板
- 3 絶縁パッキング
- 4 極板群
- 5 正極リード
- 6 負極リード
- 7 絶縁リング

【図1】



【図2】

